AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of Johnson & Phillips (Pakistan) Limited ("the Company") as at June 30, 2013 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and after due verification, we report that :

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) in our opinion :
 - the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of account and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
 - (iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flow statement together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2013 and of the loss, total comprehensive loss, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

JOHNSON & PHILLIPS (PAKISTAN) LIMITED BALANCE SHEET AS AT June 30, 2013

	Note	2013 (Rupees in thou	2012 sand)
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment	4	210,048	184,117
Long term investments	5	-	-
Long term deposits		940	940
		210,988	185,057
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stock-in-trade	6	106,455	120,715
Trade debts	7	42,209	34,714
Loans and advances	8	23,419	19,819
Deposits and prepayments	9	9,490	15,194
Advance tax-net of provision	10	1,938	1,710
Cash and bank balances	11	9,622 193,133	7,232 199,384
TOTAL ASSETS		404,121	384,441
		404,121	304,441
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVE			
Authorized capital			
8,000,000 (2012: 8,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	_	80,000	80,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	12	54,500	54,500
Share premium reserve		29,727	29,727
General reserve		23,073	23,073
Unappropriated loss		(112,371)	(107,165)
		(5,071)	135
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	13	158,312	127,947
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term borrowings	14	72,732	71,969
Deferred liabilities - staff gratuity	15	7,653	6,765
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	16	162,227	168,443
Short term borrowings	17	-	914
Current and overdue portion of long term borrowings	18	4,000	4,000
Mark up accrued Unclaimed dividend	19	-	-
		4,268	4,268
	•	170,495	177,625
Contingencies and commitments	20		
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		404,121	384,441

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

JOHNSON & PHILLIPS (PAKISTAN) LIMITED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		2013	2012	
	Note	(Rupees in the	usand)	
Revenue from sales and services-net	21	103,179	158,181	
Cost of sales and services	22	(91,132)	(138,227)	
Gross profit		12,047	19,954	
Distribution cost	23	(4,183)	(4,992)	
Administrative expenses	23 24	(21,056)	(20,747)	
_				
Other operating income	25	11,676	9,395	
		(1,516)	3,610	
Finance cost	26	(5,454)	(5,638)	
Loss before taxation		(6,970)	(2,028)	
Taxation	27	(1,261)	(2,379)	
Loss for the year	_	(8,231)	(4,407)	
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	28	(1.51)	(0.81)	

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

JOHNSON & PHILLIPS (PAKISTAN) LIMITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Note	2013 (Rupees in tho	2012 thousand)	
Loss after taxation for the year		(8,231)	(4,407)	
Other comprehensive income				
- Reversal of imparement loss on plant & machinery recognised in June 30, 2008		855	-	
Total comprehensive loss	_	(7,376)	(4,407)	

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

JOHNSON & PHILLIPS (PAKISTAN) LIMITED CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

		Note	2013 (Rupees in th	2012
		Inote	(Rupees in ti	iousanu)
A.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
	Cash generated from operations	29	2,805	10,357
	Taxes paid	10	(730)	(2,879)
	Gratuity paid	15.1	(146)	(554)
	Finance cost paid	_	(2,691)	(2,198)
	Net cash from operating activities		(762)	4,726
B.	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
	Additions to property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Long term deposits	4.1	(102) 1,168 -	(170) - (5)
	Net cash generated from /(used in) investing activities	L	1,066	(175)
C.	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
	Repayment of long term borrowing	Г		_
	Proceeds from long term borrowing	14.3	3,000	-
	Repayment of short term borrowings	17	(914)	(277)
	Net cash generated from /(used in) financing activities	_	2,086	(277)
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,390	4,274
	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year		7,232	2,958
	Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	11 _	9,622	7,232

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

JOHNSON & PHILLIPS (PAKISTAN) LIMITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

	Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital	Capital reserve Share premium	General reserve	Revenue reserve (Accumulated loss)	Total
			(Rupees in thou	sand)	
Balance as at July 1, 2011	54,500	29,727	23,073	(104,689)	2,611
Net loss for the year	-	-	-	(4,407)	(4,407)
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	-	-	-	1,931	1,931
Balance as at June 30, 2012	54,500	29,727	23,073	(107,165)	135
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	(8,231)	(8,231)
Other comprehensive income Reversal of impairment loss on plant & machinery previously recognised in June 30, 2008	-	-	-	855	855
Transfer from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment				2,170	2,170
Balance as at June, 2013	54,500	29,727	23,073	(112,371)	(5,071)

The annexed notes from 1 to 37 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Chief Executive

JOHNSON & PHILLIPS (PAKISTAN) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2013

1. STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Johnson and Phillips (Pakistan) Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan as a public limited company on April 15, 1961 and its shares are quoted on Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Limited. The registered office of the Company is situated at C-10, South Avenue, SITE, Karachi. The Company is principally engaged in manufacturing, installing and selling of electrical equipments. Etheridge Company Limited, held 2,719,536 (2012: 2,719,536) ordinary share of Rs. 10 each of the Company as at year and, which constitute 49.90% of total share issued.

2. GOING CONCERN

The Company has incurred after tax loss of Rs. 8,231 thousands (2012: Rs.4,407 thousands) during the year, which has increases accumulated losses amounting to Rs. 112,371 thousands (2012: Rs. 107,165 thousands) and has resulted in negative equity of Rs. 5,071 thousands as at June 30, 2013.

Consequently, the management has already taken following steps to keep the company financially sound and operationally viable;

- i) During the year the Company has re-paid short term loan to its subsidiary Company.
- ii) The Company has already got its obligations rescheduled in respect of long term loans and financial arrangements, including repayment of principal and accumulated markup thereon with various lenders at terms referred to in note 14.2, 14.3 and 14.4 of these financial statements.
- iii) The Company has been able to reduce mark up rate from KIBOR+3.5% to KIBOR+2% on a loan referred to in note 14.3 of these financial statements.
- iv) Efforts are underway to obtain orders so that sales volume as well as profitability can be maintained and the management expects favorable improvements during the year ending June 30, 2014 and thereafter. The management has a business plan which presents a clear growth strategy in sales and services revenue from a 103 million (FY ended June-2014) to over Rs. 500 million in fifth year of operation. This would be made possible by injecting cash for working capital. This will be met entirely from its own resources, therefore no loan is envisaged for the strategic revival plan.
- v) The Board has provided in past continued support to the Company and expresses its commitment in order to maintain the going concern status of the Company. This support is evident from the fact that a Director had in the past provided loan and financial support to the company.

The management of the Company is confident that the above factors shall enable the Company to continue as going concern for foreseeable future; hence, these financial statements have been prepared on going concern assumption.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

3.1 Basis of preparation

a) Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board as are notified under the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP). Where the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) differ with the requirements of IFRS, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the directives issued by SECP shall prevail.

b) Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as follows:

- certain staff retirement benefits are carried at present value

c) Accounting Standards, amendments or interpretations that are became effective in the current period

The following approved accounting standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards are effective for accounting periods beginning from the dates specified below.

IAS 19 (Amendments) "Employee Benefits" (effective for annual period beginning on or after 01 January 2013). The amendments eliminate the corridor approach and therefore require an entity to recognize changes in defined benefit plans obligations and plan assets when they occur. All actuarial gains or losses arising during the year are recognized immediately through other comprehensive income. The amendments also require additional disclosures and retrospective application with certain exceptions. The application of the amendments to IAS 19 would result in the recognition of cumulative unrecognized actuarial losses amounting to Rs 0.258 million in other comprehensive income in the period of initial application.

d) Standards, Interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are not yet effective:

The following standards, interpretations and the amendments are effective for accounting periods beginning from the dates specified below are either not relevant to the Company's operations or are not expected to have significant impact on the Company's financial statements other than certain additional disclosures.

	Standard or interpretation	Effective dated (annual periods beginning on or after)
i)	IAS - 32 (Amendments) "Financial instruments: Presentation" on Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities	01 January 2014
ii)	IFRS - 7 (Amendments) "Financial intruments: Disclosure" on Offsetting Financial Assets and Financial Liabilities"	01 January 2013
iii)	IFRIC - 20 "Stripping cost in the production phase of a surface mining"	01 January 2013
iv)	IFRIC- 21 "Levies 'an Interpretation on the accounting for levies imposed by governments'."	01 January 2014
v)	IAS - 39 (Amendments) "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" on Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting	01 January 2014
vi)	IAS - 36 "Impairment of Assets" Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-Financial Assets	01 January 2014
vii)	IFRSs 2009-2011 (Annual improvements) includes changes to five standards: IFRS-1 "First time adoption", IAS-1, "Financial statement presentation", IAS-16 "Property, plant and equipment", IAS-32 "Financial instrument: Presentation" and IAS-34 "Interim financial reporting".	01 January 2013
viii)	IAS 27 (Revised 2011) – Separate Financial Statements due to non-adoption of IFRS 10 and IFRS 11	01 January 2013
viii)	IAS 28 (Revised 2011) – Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures due to non-adoption of IFRS 10 and IFRS 11	01 January 2013

Other than the aforesaid standards, interpretations and amendments, the International Accounting Standards Board has also issued the following standards which have not been adopted locally by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan:

IFRS 1 - First Time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards

IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments

IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements

IFRS 11 - Joint Arrangements

IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities

IEDC 12 Fair Value Measurement

e) Critical Accounting estimates and judgments

The preparation of the financial statement in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgement in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the company's financial statements are as follows.

i) Employee benefits

The Company operates an approved non contributory gratuity scheme for all its employees. The scheme entitles the members to a gratuity payable on retirement, death in his service of the employer, voluntary retirement and termination of employee by the employer other than for misconduct and negligence.

ii) Property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the useful lives of property, plant and equipment on regular basis. Any change in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

iii) Taxation

The Company takes into account the relevant provision of current income tax laws while providing for current and deferred tax as explained in relevant note 3.7 to these financial statements.

3.5 Compensated absences

Liability in respect of accumulated compensated absences of employees is accounted for in the period in which these absences occur.

3.6 Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the foreign exchange rates prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange which approximate those prevailing at the balance sheet date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities are stated using exchange rates that existed when the values were determined. Exchange differences on foreign currency translations are included in profit and loss account.

3.7 Taxation

a) Current

Provision of current taxation is based on the taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing law for taxation on income. The charge for current tax also includes adjustments, where considered necessary, for provision for tax made in previous years, arising from assessment framed during the year, for such years.

b) Deferred

The Company accounts for deferred taxation for all material timing differences. The amount is computed using the balance sheet liability method. Debit balances on account of deferred taxation are recognised only if there is reasonable certainty for realisation.

3.8 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for the goods and services received, whether billed or not to the Company.

3.9 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has the present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the obligation can be made. However, provisions are reviewed and adjusted to reflect current best estimate.

3.10 Investments

3.11 Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

a) Owned

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation except for leasehold land, building on leasehold land and plant & machinery which are stated at revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Depreciation is charged to income applying the straight line method whereby the cost of an asset is written off over its estimated useful life as stated in Note 4. Depreciation on additions and disposals of assets during the year is charged from the month of acquisition to the month of disposal.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income, as and when incurred.

Major renewals are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, are retired.

Profit and loss on disposal of assets is included in income currently.

b) Leased

These are stated at lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the fair value of assets acquired on lease. Aggregate amounts of obligations relating to assets subject to finance lease is accounted for at net present value of liabilities. Assets so acquired are depreciated by applying straight line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets as stated in note 4.

Financial charges are allocated to accounting period in a manner so as to provide a constant periodic rate of charge on the outstanding liability.

Depreciation of leased assets is charged to current year's income as part of depreciation.

3.12 Intangible assets

Expenditure incurred to acquire software license is capitalized as intangible assets and stated at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment loss, if any. Intangible assets are amortized applying the straight line method. Where the carrying amount of an asset exceed its estimated recoverable amount it is written down immediately to its recoverable amount.

3.13 Consumable stores

These are valued at average cost and net realizable value less provision for slow moving stores.

3.14 Stock in trade

These are stated at the lower of average cost and net realizable value. Average cost in relation to finished goods and work-inprocess represents prime cost and includes appropriate portion of manufacturing expenses.

Net realizable value is determined on the basis of estimated selling price of the product in the ordinary course of business less costs of completion and cost necessary to be incurred in order to make the sale.

3.15 Trade debts, loans, advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables

Trade debts, loans, advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables are stated at cost. Provision is made against those considered doubtful by the management, whereas, those considered irrecoverable are written off.

3.16 Warranties

The management estimates at each balance sheet date a liability that could arise as a result of the Company's obligation to repair and replace products under warranty. The provision for warranty is accounted for in the periods in which sales are made and no provision is recognised if the chances of warranty claims are remote.

3.17 Foreseeable losses on orders in hand

Provision is made for all known or expected losses at completion on orders in hand.

3.18 Transaction with related parties

The Company enters into transactions with related parties for purchase of goods and services. Prices for these transactions are determined on the basis of comparable uncontrolled price method, which sets the price by reference to comparable goods sold in an economically comparable market to a buyer unrelated to the seller.

3.19 Impairment losses

The carrying amount of the Company's assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Impairment losses are recognized as expense in the profit and loss account.

3.20 Revenue recognition

Sales are recorded on delivery of goods to the customers and in case of exports when shipped. Income from installation and repair projects are recognized as the work is completed and accepted by the customers.

3.21 Borrowing cost

Borrowing cost and other related cost directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that takes a necessarily substantial periods of time to get ready for their intended use, are added to the cost of those assets, until such times as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use. All other borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

3.22 Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of cash flow statement cash and cash equivalents consists of cash in hand and balances with banks.

3.23 Financial Instruments

All the financial assets and liabilities are recognized at the time when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Any gain or loss on the recognition and derecognition of the financial assets and liabilities is included in the income currently.

3.24 Offsetting

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to set-off the recognised amounts and the company intends to either settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

3.25 Borrowings

Loans and borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received. Financial charges are accounted for on accrual basis and are disclosed as accrued interest/mark up to the extent of the amount remaining unpaid.

3.26 Dividend

Dividend is recognized in the financial statement in the period in which these are approved.

4 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

4.1 Tangibles

e e e	2013									
		C	Cost/Revaluation				Accumulated De	preciation		Written down
	As at July 01, 2012	Additions	Disposals	Transfers Revaluation *	As at June 30, 2013	As at July 01, 2012	Adjustments/ Transfers Revaluation *	For the year	As at June 30, 2013	As at June 30, 2013
					Rupees in	thousands				
Owned										
Lease hold Land	170,000	-	-	-	170,000	6,869	(8,443) *	1,717	143	169,857
Building on lease hold land	24,816	-	-	784 *	25,600	9,927	(12,201) *	2,487	213	25,387
Plant and machinery	25,811	-	-	(11,201) *	14,610	20,248	(22,405) *	2,331	174	14,436
Gas and electric installations	1,178	-	-	-	1,178	1,133	-	15	1,148	30
Factory tools	3,843	-	-	-	3,843	3,837	-	6	3,843	-
Vehicles	12,885	-	(1,571)	-	11,314	12,885	(1,571)	-	11,314	-
Furniture and fixtures	4,320	-	-	-	4,320	4,309	-	10	4,319	1
Office and other equipments	11,982	102	-	-	12,084	11,511	-	236	11,747	337
	254,836	102	(1,571)	(10,417)	242,949	70,719	(44,620)	6,802	32,901	210,048

	2012									
		0	Cost/Revaluation	l			Accumulated De	preciation		Written down
	As at July 01, 2011	Additions	Disposals	Transfers Revaluation *	As at June 30, 2012	As at July 01, 2011	Adjustments/ Transfers Revaluation *	For the year	As at June 30, 2012	As at June 30, 2012
					Rupees in	thousands				
Owned										
Lease hold Land	170,000	-	-	-	170,000	5,152	-	1,717	6,869	163,131
Building on lease hold land	24,816	-	-	-	24,816	7,445	-	2,482	9,927	14,889
Plant and machinery	25,811	-	-	-	25,811	17,774	-	2,475	20,249	5,563
Gas and electric installations	1,178	-	-	-	1,178	1,118	-	14	1,133	45
Factory tools	3,843	-	-	-	3,843	3,708	-	129	3,837	6
Vehicles	12,886	-	-	-	12,886	12,715	-	171	12,886	1
Furniture and fixtures	4,320	-	-	-	4,320	4,288	-	21	4,309	11
Office and other equipments	11,812	170	-	-	11,982	11,212	-	299	11,511	472
	254,666	170	-	-	254,836	63,411	-	7,308	70,719	184,117

* The previous revaluations were carried out on March 31, 1995, June 30, 2004 and June 17, 2008 which resulted in a surplus of Rs 42.642 million, surplus of Rs 73.464 and Rs. 104.097 and imper Rs.0.855 million respectively. Further, latest revaluation of leasehold land, building on leasehold land and Plant & Machinery were revalued on June 12, 2013. The revaluation was incorporated in book 30, 2013, following the elimination method. The revaluation exercise was conducted by M/s Asif Associates (Private) Limited , a valuer on approved list of Pakistan Bankers Association, on market value of the conductive of the second second

The last revaluation of leasehold land, Building and Plant & Machinery resulted in a surplus of Rs 31.776 million. The carrying amount of the above mentioned assets as at 30 June 2013, if the said carried at historical cost would have been as follows:

Asset category	Cost/Revaluation	Accumulated Depreciation	Written down Value
		Rupees in thousands	
Lease hold Land	61	26	35
Building on lease hold land	13,081	11,487	1,594
Plant and machinery	30,018	28,722	1,296

4.2 Disposal of tangible property, plant and equipment

Description	ion Cost Accum Depre		Written down value	Sale Proceeds	Gain	Mode of Disposal	Perticulars of Purchaser			
Rupees in thousand										
Double Cabin Gilgit - KN-5346	360	360	-	222	222	Auction/Bid	Mr. Naveed Rauf			
Double Cabin Gilgit - KN-5469	360	360	-	256	256	Auction/Bid	Mr. Naveed Rauf			
Suzuki Mehran AKE-120	426	426	-	350	350	Auction/Bid	Mr. Mohammad Zahid Majid			
Suzuki Mehran AKE-117	425	425	-	340	340	Auction/Bid	Mr. Anwar Ali			
-	1,571	1,571		1,168	1,168					

Useful Life

99	
10	
7	
10	
5	
4	
5	
5	

Useful Life

rement of s on June Je basis.

had been

		Note	2013 (Rupees in tl	2012 nousand)
4.2	The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated	as follow	/s:	
	Cost of sales and services	22	5,442	5,846
	Administrative expenses	24	1,360	1,462
	-	_	6,802	7,308
4.3	Cost of fully depreciated assets	=	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
т.Ј	Plant and machinery		_	1,157
	Gas and electric installation		1,037	1,137
	Factory tools		3,843	3,805
	Vehicles		11,314	12,886
	Furniture and fixtures		4,320	4,246
	Office and other equipments		11,361	10,635
		_	31,875	33,763
5	LONG TERM INVESTMENTS			
C	In shares of unquoted subsidiaries companies:(at cost) Johnson & Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited		30,000	30,000
	3,000,000 fully paid ordinary shares of Rs.10 each [Break-up value as at June30, 2013 was Nil (June 2012:Nil) The Company held 100% of the investee's total equity.) Chief Executive Mr. Shehryar Anwar Saeed]		
	Johnson & Phillips Transformers (Private) Limited 2,100,000 fully paid ordinary shares of Rs.10 each [Break-up value as at June 30, 2013 was Nil (June 2012:Nil) The Company held 70% of the investee's total equity. Chief Executive Mr. Nabeel Sadiq)]	21,000	21,000
	Johnson & Phillips EMO Pakistan (Private) Limited		510	510
	51,000 fully paid ordinary shares of Rs.10 each [Break-up value as at June 30, 2013 was Nil (June 2012:Nil) The Company held 51% of the investee's total equity. Chief Executive Mr. Shehryar Anwar Saeed)]		
	Share Application money			
	Johnson & Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited	_	20,000	20,000
			71,510	71,510
	Provision for diminution in value of investments		(71,510)	(71,510)
		_	-	-

available audited financial statements of the investee companies was as follows:

Johnson & Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited	(38,332)	(38,241)
Johnson & Phillips Transformers (Private) Limited	(32,250)	(32,133)
Johnson & Phillips EMO Pakistan (Private) Limited	(3,281)	(3,251)

6	STOCK-IN-TRADE		2013 (Rupees in t	2012 housand)
Ū	Raw material and components		(Itupees mit	110 usunu)
	in hand - Gross		44,690	48,826
	in transit		1,175	-
	Less: provision for obsolete/ slow moving items		(13,752)	(14,316)
			32,113	34,510
	Work-in-process		67,225	81,807
	Finished goods		7,117	4,398
			106,455	120,715
7	TRADE DEBTS			
	Unsecured			
	Considered good		42,209	34,714
	Considered bad			272
			42,209	34,986
	Trade debts considered bad written off			(272)
			42,209	34,714
8	LOANS AND ADVANCES			
	Loans to subsidiary companies - unsecured			
	Considered good Johnson & Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited (JPI)	17	4,593	-
	Considered doubtful			
	Johnson & Phillips Transformers (Private) Limited (JPT)	8.1	12,994	12,883
	Johnson & Phillips EMO Pakistan (Private) Limited (EMC	8.2	2,864	2,834
	Less Provision against doubtful loans		15,858 (15,858)	15,717 (15,717)
	-		-	-
	Advances - Unsecured - Considered good - unsecured			
	To suppliers		3,420	1,807
	To employees		1,069	655
	Against purchase of land Others		2,717 71	2,717 71
	others		7,277	5,250
	Sales tax refundable		11,549	14,569
			23,419	19,819
8.1	Reconciliation of loan amount due from JPT			
	Opening		12,883	12,773
	Disbursed		111	110
	Closing		12,994	12,883
	Less: provision		(12,994)	(12,883)
		8.3		-

2013 2012 (Rupees in thousand)

8.2 Reconciliation of loan amount due from EMO

Opening	2,834	2,802
Disbursed	30	32
Closing	2,864	2,834
Less: provision	(2,864)	(2,834)
8.4	-	-

- **8.3** The maximum amount of loan due from JPT at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 12,994 thousands (2012: Rs. 12,883) thousands.
- **8.4** The maximum amount of loan due from EMO at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 2,864 (2012: Rs. 2,834) thousands.

9 DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS - Considered good

Prepayments	144	153
Deposits		
Margin against bank guarantee	7,563	12,389
Deposit with court	723	723
Tender deposits	1,060	1,929
	9,346	15,041
	9,490	15,194
10 ADVANCE TAX - NET OF PROVISION		
Balance receivable as at 1st July	1,710	533
Paid / adjusted during the year	730	2,879
	2,440	3,412
Less: Provision for the year		
- current	516	1,596
- prior	(14)	106
	502	1,702
Closing balance	1,938	1,710
11 CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
Cash in hand	31	73
At bank - in current accounts	9,569	7,070
- in saving accounts	22	89
	9,622	7,232

2013 2012 (Rupees in thousand)

12 ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

(Number o	f shares)			
2013	2012	_		
4,638,268	4,638,268	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully	46,383	46,383
93,000	93,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued consideration other than cash.	for 930	930
718,704	718,704	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued fully paid bonus shares	as 7,187	7,187
5,449,972	5,449,972		54,500	54,500

13 SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Additions as a result of fresh revaluation during the year $31,776$.Transferred to accumulated loss in respect of incremental depreciation on revalued assets for the year $(2,170)$ $(1,931)$ Deferred tax expense related to incremental depreciation during the year 759 677 158,312 $127,947$ 14 LONG TERM BORROWINGS Loans from others-unsecured Loan from others 14.1 $4,000$ $4,000$ Loan-1Principal Accumulated mark-up there on 14.2 $8,408$ $7,458$ $6,604$ $15,866$ $15,012$ Loan -2 (from Director)Principal Accumulated mark-up there on 14.3 $20,377$ $3,659$ $3,988$ $24,036$ $21,365$ Loan-3 Principal Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 $18,650$ $14,180$ $18,650$ $14,180$ Less: current and overdue portion 18 $(4,000)$ $(4,000)$		Opening balance		127,947	129,201
on revalued assets for the year $(2,170)$ $(1,931)$ Deferred tax expense related to incremental depreciation during the year759677 158,312127,94714 LONG TERM BORROWINGS Loans from others-unsecured Loan from others14.1 4,0004,000 Loan-1 Principal Accumulated mark-up there on14.2 $8,408$ $7,458$ $8,408$ $6,604$ Loan -2 (from Director) Principal Accumulated mark-up there on14.3 $20,377$ $3,659$ $17,377$ $3,659$ $3,988$ $24,036$ $21,365$ Loan-3 Principal Accumulated mark-up there on14.4 $18,650$ $14,180$ $18,650$ $16,942$ $18,650$ $16,942$ Less: current and overdue portion18 $(4,000)$ $(4,000)$		Additions as a result of fresh revaluation during the y	/ear	31,776	-
the year 158,312 127,947 14 LONG TERM BORROWINGS 14.1 4,000 4,000 Loan from others 14.1 4,000 4,000 Loan-1 Principal 14.2 8,408 8,408 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.2 8,408 6,604 Loan -2 (from Director) Principal 14.3 20,377 17,377 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.3 20,377 3,988 24,036 21,365 24,036 21,365 Loan-3 Principal 14.4 18,650 18,650 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 18,650 16,942 Less: current and overdue portion 18 (4,000) (4,000)		-	ental depreciation		(1,931)
14 LONG TERM BORROWINGS Loans from others 14.1 4,000 Loan-1 14.1 4,000 Principal 14.2 8,408 Accumulated mark-up there on 7,458 6,604 Is,866 15,012 Loan -2 (from Director) 14.3 20,377 17,377 Principal 14.3 20,377 3,659 3,988 24,036 21,365 24,036 21,365 Loan-3 Principal 14.4 18,650 16,942 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 18,650 16,942 Less: current and overdue portion 18 (4,000) (4,000)			ciation during	759	677
Loans from others-unsecured 14.1 4,000 4,000 Loan from others 14.1 4,000 4,000 Loan-1 14.2 8,408 8,408 Principal 14.2 8,408 6,604 Accumulated mark-up there on 7,458 6,604 Is,866 15,012 15,012 Loan -2 (from Director) 14.3 20,377 17,377 Accumulated mark-up there on 24,036 21,365 Loan-3 24,036 21,365 Principal 14.4 18,650 18,650 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 18,650 16,942 Yeincipal 14.4 18,650 16,942 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 18,650 16,942 Less: current and overdue portion 18 (4,000) (4,000)			_	158,312	127,947
Loan from others 14.1 4,000 4,000 Loan-1 Principal 14.2 8,408 8,408 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.2 8,408 6,604 Loan -2 (from Director) 15,866 15,012 Principal 14.3 20,377 17,377 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.3 20,377 17,377 Accumulated mark-up there on 24,036 21,365 Loan-3 14.4 18,650 18,650 Principal 14.4 18,650 16,942 32,830 35,592 76,732 75,969 Less: current and overdue portion 18 (4,000) (4,000)	14	LONG TERM BORROWINGS			
Loan-1 Principal 14.2 8,408 8,408 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.2 8,408 6,604 Loan -2 (from Director) 15,866 15,012 Principal 14.3 20,377 17,377 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.3 20,377 3,988 24,036 21,365 Loan-3 14.4 18,650 18,650 Principal 14.4 18,650 16,942 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 18,650 16,942 32,830 35,592 76,732 75,969 Less: current and overdue portion 18 (4,000) (4,000)		Loans from others-unsecured			
Principal 14.2 8,408 8,408 Accumulated mark-up there on 7,458 6,604 15,866 15,012 Loan -2 (from Director) 14.3 20,377 17,377 Principal 14.3 20,377 3,988 24,036 21,365 Loan-3 14.4 18,650 18,650 Principal 14.4 18,650 16,942 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 18,650 16,942 Best current and overdue portion 18 (4,000) (4,000)		Loan from others	14.1	4,000	4,000
Accumulated mark-up there on $7,458$ $6,604$ Loan -2 (from Director)14.3 $20,377$ $17,377$ Principal14.3 $20,377$ $17,377$ Accumulated mark-up there on $24,036$ $21,365$ Loan-314.4 $18,650$ $18,650$ Principal14.4 $18,650$ $18,650$ Accumulated mark-up there on $32,830$ $35,592$ Principal 14.4 $18,650$ $18,650$ Less: current and overdue portion 18 $(4,000)$ $(4,000)$		Loan-1			
Loan -2 (from Director)15,86615,012Principal 14.3 $20,377$ $17,377$ Accumulated mark-up there on $3,659$ $3,988$ 24,03621,365Loan-3 14.4 $18,650$ Principal 14.4 $18,650$ Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 $18,650$ $32,830$ $35,592$ $76,732$ $75,969$ Less: current and overdue portion 18 $(4,000)$		Principal	14.2	8,408	8,408
Loan -2 (from Director) Principal14.3 $20,377$ $3,659$ $17,377$ $3,988$ Accumulated mark-up there on14.3 $20,377$ $3,659$ $17,377$ $3,988$ Loan-3 Principal14.4 $18,650$ $14,180$ $18,650$ $16,942$ Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 $18,650$ $14,180$ $18,650$ $16,942$ Less: current and overdue portion 18 $(4,000)$ $(4,000)$		Accumulated mark-up there on		7,458	6,604
Principal 14.3 20,377 17,377 Accumulated mark-up there on 3,659 3,988 24,036 21,365 Loan-3 14.4 18,650 Principal 14.4 18,650 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 18,650 32,830 35,592 76,732 75,969 Less: current and overdue portion 18 (4,000)				15,866	15,012
Accumulated mark-up there on 3,659 3,988 24,036 21,365 Loan-3 24,036 21,365 Principal 14.4 18,650 18,650 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 18,650 18,650 Second mark-up there on 14.4 18,650 16,942 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 18,650 16,942 Less: current and overdue portion 18 (4,000) (4,000)		Loan -2 (from Director)			
Loan-3 24,036 21,365 Principal 14.4 18,650 18,650 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 18,650 16,942 32,830 35,592 76,732 75,969 Less: current and overdue portion 18 (4,000) (4,000)		*	14.3	20,377	
Loan-3 Principal 14.4 18,650 18,650 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 18,650 16,942 32,830 35,592 76,732 75,969 Less: current and overdue portion 18 (4,000)		Accumulated mark-up there on		3,659	3,988
Principal 14.4 18,650 18,650 Accumulated mark-up there on 14.4 18,650 16,942 32,830 35,592 76,732 75,969 Less: current and overdue portion 18 (4,000) (4,000)				24,036	21,365
Accumulated mark-up there on 14,180 16,942 32,830 35,592 76,732 75,969 Less: current and overdue portion 18 (4,000)		Loan-3	_		
32,830 35,592 76,732 75,969 Less: current and overdue portion 18 (4,000) (4,000)		Principal	14.4	18,650	18,650
76,732 75,969 Less: current and overdue portion 18 (4,000) (4,000)		Accumulated mark-up there on		14,180	16,942
Less: current and overdue portion18(4,000)(4,000)(4,000)				32,830	35,592
				76,732	75,969
72,732 71,969		Less: current and overdue portion	18	(4,000)	(4,000)
			_	72,732	71,969

- 14.1 Represents unsecured loan taken by the Company at an interest rate of 12% per annum which was repayable in instalments of Rs. 500,000 per month starting from October 2006. As the loan remained unpaid till the year ended June 30, 2007, a fresh agreement was made by the parties on June 30, 2007. According to the fresh agreement dated June 30, 2007 the effective date of repayment, which was October, 2006, was extended to July, 2008.
- 14.2 Represents an unsecured loan from an individual. During the year an agreement has been signed to reschedule the loan. According to the fresh agreement dated June 30, 2013 the parties have agreed that the aggregate amount of loan (Principal and mark-up accumulated thereon up to June 30, 2013) will be repaid in Twenty Four equal quarterly instalments commencing from July 01, 2014. The mark-up will be charged at the rate of 12% per annum on the outstanding balance of principal. An other unsecured loan amounting to Rs. 5.00 million taken in past and according to the agreement dated June 30, 2013, the loan carries mark-up @Twelve months KIBOR per annum and will be repaid in Twenty four equal quarterly instalments commencing from July 01, 2014. Total markup charged on loans during the year was Rs. 855 (2012: Rs. 1,004) thousands.
- 14.3 Represents an unsecured loan from a Director. During the year an agreement has been signed to reschedule the loan. According to the fresh agreement dated June 30, 2013 the parties have agreed that the aggregate amount of loan (Principal and mark-up accumulated thereon up to June 30, 2013) will be repaid in Twenty Four equal quarterly installments commencing from July 01, 2014. The mark-up will be charged at the rate of 12% per annum on the outstanding balance of principal. An other unsecured loans amounting to Rs. 7.797 million taken in past and Rs. 3.0 million taken during the year. According to the fresh agreements dated June 30, 2013, the loans carry mark-up @ KIBOR+2% per annum, which will be repaid in twenty four quarterly installments commencing from July 01, 2014 and markup on these loans will be paid on monthly basis. Total markup charged on loans during the year was Rs. 2,307 (2012: Rs. 2,350) thousands.
- 14.4 Represents an un-secured loan from a private company. During the year an agreement has been signed to reschedule the loan. According to the agreement dated June 30, 2013 the parties have agreed that the aggregate amount of loan(Principal and mark-up accumulated thereon up to June 30, 2013) will be repaid in Twenty Four equal quarterly installments commencing from July 01, 2014. The mark-up will be charged at the rate of 12% per annum on the outstanding balance of principal. Total markup charged on loan during the year was Rs. 2,238 (2012: 2,238) thousands.

		2013	2012
15 DE	FERRED LIABILITIES - STAFF GRATUITY	(Rupees in t	thousand)
15.1 Th	e amounts recognised in the balance sheet are as follows:		
Mo	ovement in net liability/(assets) recognised		
Op	ening net liability	7,905	7,357
Ex	pense for the year	888	1,054
Be	nefits paid during the year	(146)	(506)
Clo	osing net liability	8,647	7,905
Ch	arge for /(income from) the Defined Benefit Plan		
Cu	rrent service cost	161	233
Int	erest cost	803	854
Ac	tuarial (Gains) / losses recognised	(76)	(33)
Ex	pense recognised in the financial statements	888	1,054

Unclaimed gratuity 994 1,140 711 711 713 763 Fair value of plan assets - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<		Reconciliation of payable to/(receivable Benefit Plan	e from) De	efined	201 (Ru	13 ipees in th	2012 ousand)
Unclaimed gratuity 16 994 1,140 Liability recognised in the accounts 8.647 7.905 Actuarial assumptions: 11.50% 12.50% - Salary increase rate 11.50% 12.50% 15.2 Historical information 2013 2011 2010 2009 Rupces in thousands Present value of the defined obligation 6,579 5,357 5,644 5,284 5,002 Unclaimed gratuity 994 1,140 711 711 763 Unclaimed gratuity 994 1,410 711 711 763 Jeficit in the plan $7,573$ $6,497$ $6,355$ $5,995$ $5,765$ 16 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES Creditors 152,471 154,003 Advances from customeres 5,676 7,471 Payable to ex-employees 676 676 Provident fund 1 - - - - - Unclaimed gratuity payable 15.1 994 1,140 - - - Tax deducted at source 179 4,149 <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>ion</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>		-	ion				
Liability recognised in the accounts 8.647 7.905 Actuarial assumptions: . Valuation discount rate 11.50% 12.50% . Salary increase rate 11.50% 12.50% 15.2 Historical information 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 Rupees in thousands Present value of the defined obligation 6.579 5.357 5.644 5.284 5.002 Unclaimed gratuity 994 1.140 711 711 763 Unclaimed gratuity 994 1.40 711 711 763 Deficit in the plan 7.573 6.497 6.355 5.995 5.765 16 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES 2.059 843 Advances from customers 5.676 7.471 154,003 Accrued liabilities 2.059 843 Advances 1.140 1 - Unclaimed gratuity payable 15.1 994 1,140 1 - - Unclaimed gratuity payable 15.1 994 1,140 - - - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td><td>7,653</td><td>6,765</td></t<>					,	7,653	6,765
Actuarial assumptions: . Valuation discount rate 11.50% 12.50% . Salary increase rate 11.50% 12.50% 15.2 Historical information 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 Rupees in thousands Present value of the defined obligation 6,579 5,357 5,644 5,284 5,002 Unclaimed gratuity 994 1,140 711 711 763 Unclaimed gratuity 994 1,140 711 711 763 Deficit in the plan $\overline{7,573}$ $\overline{6,497}$ $\overline{6,355}$ $\overline{5,995}$ $\overline{5,765}$ 16 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES Creditors 152,471 154,003 Accrued liabilities 2,059 843 Advances from customers 5,676 7,471 Payable to ex-employces 676 676 Provident fund 1 - Unclaimed gratuity payable 15.1 994 1,140 Tax deducted at source 179 4,149 1 - Unclaimed gratuity payable 15.1 994 1,140 162,		Unclaimed gratuity		16		994	1,140
- Valuation discount rate 11.50% 12.50% - Salary increase rate 11.50% 12.50% 15.2 Historical information 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 - Rupees in thousands Present value of the defined obligation $6,579$ $5,357$ $5,644$ $5,284$ $5,002$ Unclaimed gratuity 994 $1,140$ 711 711 7633 Unclaimed gratuity 994 $1,140$ 711 711 7633 Deficit in the plan $7,573$ $6,497$ $6,355$ $5,995$ $5,765$ 16 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES Creditors $152,471$ $154,003$ 2009 843 Advances from customers $5,676$ $7,471$ 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 794 79		Liability recognised in the accounts				8,647	7,905
- Salary increase rate 11.50% 12.50% 15.2 Historical information 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009		Actuarial assumptions:					
15.2 Historical information 2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 Rupees in thousands Present value of the defined obligation 6,579 5,357 5,644 5,284 5,002 Unclaimed gratuity 994 1,140 711 711 763 To Present value of plan assets - - - - Deficit in the plan 7,573 6,497 6,355 5,995 5,765 Fair value of plan assets - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<		- Valuation discount rate			11.5	0%	12.50%
2013 2012 2011 2010 2009 Rupees in thousands Present value of the defined obligation 6,579 5,357 5,644 5,284 5,002 Unclaimed gratuity 994 1,140 711 711 763 7,573 6,497 6,355 5,995 5,765 Fair value of plan assets - - - - Deficit in the plan 7,573 6,497 6,355 5,995 5,765 16 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		- Salary increase rate			11.5	0%	12.50%
Rupees in thousands Present value of the defined obligation $6,579$ $5,357$ $5,644$ $5,284$ $5,002$ Unclaimed gratuity 994 $1,140$ 711 711 711 763 T,573 $6,497$ $6,355$ $5,995$ $5,765$ Fair value of plan assets - - - - Deficit in the plan $\overline{7,573}$ $\overline{6,497}$ $\overline{6,355}$ $\overline{5,995}$ $\overline{5,765}$ 16 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES 2,059 843 Advances from customers $5,676$ $7,471$ $7,573$ $6,497$ $6,355$ $5,995$ $5,765$ 16 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES 2,059 843 $Advances from customers 5,676 7,471 Payable to ex-employees 676 676 676 676 676 676 676 79 4,149 1,100 12,227 168,443 172 4,149 0thers 171 161 162,227 168,443 162,227 168,443 162,227 168,443 17 $	15.2	Historical information					
Present value of the defined obligation $6,579$ $5,357$ $5,644$ $5,284$ $5,002$ Unclaimed gratuity 994 $1,140$ 711 711 711 711 701 701 701 701 701 701 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7011 7053 $6,497$ $6,355$ $5,995$ $5,765$ 16 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES $6,497$ $6,355$ $5,995$ $5,765$ 16 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES $2,059$ 843 $2,059$ 843 Advances from customers $5,676$ $7,471$ $152,471$ $154,003$ $2,059$ 843 Advances from customers $5,676$ $7,471$ $122,471$ 1440 1 1 -1 -1 -1 -1 1711 1611 $162,227$ $168,443$ 1711 161 <			2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
Unclaimed gratuity 994 1,140 711 711 713 763 Fair value of plan assets - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -<				Rupee	s in thousa	ands	
TimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeTimeT		Present value of the defined obligation	6,579	5,357	5,644	5,284	5,002
Fair value of plan assets Deficit in the plan7,5736,4976,3555,9955,76516TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLESCreditors Accrued liabilities Advances from customers Payable to ex-employees Unclaimed gratuity payable to ex-employees152,471154,003Advances from customers Provident fund Tax deducted at source Others5,6767,47117941,400181-171611162,227168,44317SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - Unsecured17SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - Unsecured1817.1-9141,191Qpening balance Paid/Adjusted during the year Paid/Adjusted during the year9141414-15,507)(2,77)(4,593)914		Unclaimed gratuity	994	1,140	711	711	763
Deficit in the plan $\overline{7,573}$ $\overline{6,497}$ $\overline{6,355}$ $\overline{5,995}$ $\overline{5,765}$ 16TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLESCreditors152,471154,003Accrued liabilities2,059843Advances from customers5,6767,471Payable to ex-employees676676Provident fund1-Unclaimed gratuity payable15.19941,140Tax deducted at source1794,149Others171161162,227168,44317SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - UnsecuredLoan from a subsidiary companyJohnson and Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited (JPI)17.1-914914Reconciliation of outstanding amount (due from) / due to JPI914Opening balance914-Paid/Adjusted during the year-(5,507)Paid/Adjusted during the year914			7,573	6,497	6,355	5,995	5,765
16 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES Creditors 152,471 154,003 Accrued liabilities 2,059 843 Advances from customers 5,676 7,471 Payable to ex-employees 676 676 Provident fund 1 - Unclaimed gratuity payable 15.1 994 1,140 Tax deducted at source 179 4,149 Others 171 161 162,227 168,443 17 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - Unsecured Loan from a subsidiary company Johnson and Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited (JPI) 17.1		Fair value of plan assets	-	-	-	-	-
Creditors $152,471$ $154,003$ Accrued liabilities $2,059$ 843 Advances from customers $5,676$ $7,471$ Payable to ex-employees 676 676 Provident fund 1 $-$ Unclaimed gratuity payable 15.1 994 $1,140$ Tax deducted at source 179 $4,149$ Others 171 161 162,227168,44317 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - UnsecuredReconciliation of outstanding amount (due from) / due to JPI Opening balance 914 $-$ Paid/Adjusted during the year $ (5,507)$ Paid/Adjusted during the year $(4,593)$ 914		Deficit in the plan	7,573	6,497	6,355	5,995	5,765
Accrued liabilities $2,059$ 843 Advances from customers $5,676$ $7,471$ Payable to ex-employees 676 676 Provident fund1 $-$ Unclaimed gratuity payable 15.1 994 $1,140$ Tax deducted at source179 $4,149$ Others171161 168,44317 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - UnsecuredReconciliation of outstanding amount (due from) / due to JPI Opening balance914Received during the year914Paid/Adjusted during the year $(5,507)$ Q4,593)914	16	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES					
Advances from customers5,6767,471Payable to ex-employees676676Provident fund1-Unclaimed gratuity payable15.19941,140Tax deducted at source1794,149171161Others171161 162,227168,44317 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - UnsecuredLoan from a subsidiary company Johnson and Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited (JPI)17.1- 914 Reconciliation of outstanding amount (due from) / due to JPIOpening balance914-Paid/Adjusted during the yearFaid/Adjusted during the year(5,507)(277)(4,593)914		Creditors			152	2,471	154,003
Payable to ex-employees 676 676 Provident fund1-Unclaimed gratuity payable 15.1 994 $1,140$ Tax deducted at source 179 $4,149$ Others 171 161 162,227168,44317 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - UnsecuredLoan from a subsidiary company Johnson and Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited (JPI) 17.1 $-$ 914 Reconciliation of outstanding amount (due from) / due to JPIOpening balance 914 $-$ Received during the year $(5,507)$ (277) Paid/Adjusted during the year 914 $-$ (5,507)(277)(4,593)914							
Provident fund 1 - Unclaimed gratuity payable 15.1 994 1,140 Tax deducted at source 179 4,149 Others 171 161 162,227 168,443 17 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - Unsecured 162,227 Loan from a subsidiary company 17.1 - Johnson and Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited (JPI) 17.1 - Reconciliation of outstanding amount (due from) / due to JPI 914 1,191 Opening balance 914 - Paid/Adjusted during the year (5,507) (277) (4,593) 914 -					-		
Unclaimed gratuity payable 15.1 994 1,140 Tax deducted at source 179 4,149 Others 171 161 162,227 168,443 17 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - Unsecured Loan from a subsidiary company 17.1							676
Tax deducted at source1794,149Others171161162,227168,44317SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - UnsecuredLoan from a subsidiary companyJohnson and Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited (JPI)17.1				15.1			- 1 140
162,227168,44317SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - UnsecuredLoan from a subsidiary companyJohnson and Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited (JPI)17.1-914Reconciliation of outstanding amount (due from) / due to JPIOpening balanceReceived during the yearPaid/Adjusted during the year(5,507)(4,593)914				10.1			
17 SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - Unsecured Loan from a subsidiary company Johnson and Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited (JPI) 17.1 Reconciliation of outstanding amount (due from) / due to JPI Opening balance 914 Received during the year - Paid/Adjusted during the year (5,507) (4,593) 914		Others				171	161
Loan from a subsidiary companyJohnson and Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited (JPI)17.1-914Reconciliation of outstanding amount (due from) / due to JPI9141,191Opening balance914-Received during the yearPaid/Adjusted during the year(5,507)(277)(4,593)914					162	2,227	168,443
Johnson and Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited (JPI)17.1-914Reconciliation of outstanding amount (due from) / due to JPI9141,191Opening balance914-Received during the yearPaid/Adjusted during the year(5,507)(277)(4,593)914	17	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - Uns	ecured				
Reconciliation of outstanding amount (due from) / due to JPIOpening balance914Received during the year-Paid/Adjusted during the year(5,507)(4,593)914		Loan from a subsidiary company					
Opening balance9141,191Received during the yearPaid/Adjusted during the year(5,507)(277)(4,593)914		Johnson and Phillips Industries (Pakistan) Limited (J	JPI) 17.1		<u> </u>	914
Opening balance9141,191Received during the yearPaid/Adjusted during the year(5,507)(277)(4,593)914		Reconciliation of outstanding amount	(due from)) / due to JPI			
Paid/Adjusted during the year (5,507) (277) (4,593) 914		Opening balance	. ,			914	1,191
(4,593) 914		÷ .				-	- (777)
		r and Aujusten unnig me year					· /
		Closing balance		8			914

17.1 This loan was unsecured, interest free and was payable on demand.

17.2 The maximum amount of loan due from JPI at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 4,593 thousand (2012: due to JPI Rs. 914 thousands).

18	CURRENT AND OVERDUE PORTION OF LONG TERM BORROWINGS		2013 (Rupees in	2012 thousand)
	Loan from others - unsecured	14.1 =	4,000	4,000
19	MARK UP ACCRUED			
	Opening balance		-	-
	Accrued during the year		5,400	5,592
			5,400	5,592
	Paid / transferred during the year	19.1	(5,400)	(5,592)
	Closing balance	=	-	

19.1 These have been rescheduled as disclosed in note 14 to these financial statements.

20 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

20.1 Contingencies

a) Guarantees

The banks have issued guarantees, on behalf of theGuarantees against performance bond7,56312,389

b) Labour

Some legal cases are pending against the Company filed by ex-workers in respect of their claims. The aggregate amounts involved in these cases are Rs. 0.987 million. (2012: 0.987 million).

c) Others

1. Pursuant to a recovery suit filed by the National Bank of Pakistan against Johnson & Phillips Transformers (Pvt.) Limited (Defendant No.1) and Johnson & Phillips (Pakistan) Limited (Defendant No.2), the Banking Court No. III, Lahore passed a compromise decree.

The Bank agreed that prior to executing the Decree against the Defendant No.2 as guarantor, the Bank will execute against all assets of the Defendant No. 1. Some payments has been made to the Bank while the remaining amount of Rs. 25,894 thousand is still payable. The execution proceedings in this case are now pending before the Banking Court No. III.

2. The Company has filed a suit for the recovery of insurance claim of Rs 3.734 million (2012: Rs 3,734 million) in Honorable High Court of Sindh Karachi against the EFU General Insurance Limited and M/s Hanilay & Co. (Private) Limited.

20.2 Commitments

There is no commitment as on June 30, 2013 (2012 : Nil)

21 SALES	AND SERVICES (NET)		2013 (Rupees in tl	2012 housand)
Gross sa	les		119,531	184,850
Sales tax	and special excise duty	Γ	(16,313)	(25,221)
Commis	sion and discount on sales		(39)	(1,448)
		_	(16,352)	(26,669)
		-	103,179	158,181
22 COST (OF SALES AND SERVICES	-		
Raw ma	terials and components consumed			
Opening	stock		48,826	46,539
	es and sub contract cost		53,221	112,108
		-	102,047	158,647
Closing	stock		(45,865)	(48,826)
		-	56,182	109,821
Salaries	wages and benefits	22.1	15,079	15,084
Insuranc	e		206	231
Fuel and	-		1,778	2,257
-	nd maintenance		68	97
-	on and testing		569	3
•	and stationery		42	72
	g and conveyance		424	840
Deprecia		4.2	5,442	5,846
	n for Obsolete/ Slow moving Stocks		(563)	585
Other m	anufacturing expenses		42	143
		_	23,087	25,158
W and the			79,269	134,979
	n process	Г	91 907	76 169
Opening			81,807	76,168
Closing	Stock	L	(67,225)	(81,807)
		-	14,582	(5,639)
Cost of	goods manufactured		93,851	129,340
Finishe	0	Г		10.005
Opening			4,398	13,285
Closing	stock	L	(7,117)	(4,398)
		_	(2,719)	8,887
		=	91,132	138,227
22.1 Salaries	, wages and benefits			
Salaries	and wages		13,950	14,528
Gratuity			935	441
P.F Con			194	115
111 0011	tribution (Worker & Staff)	_	15,079	15,084

23	DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES		2013 (Rupees in th	2012 ousand)
	Salaries, wages and benefits	23.1	1,194	1,02
	Late delivery charges and penalties		2,640	3,19
	Advertising and sales promotion		67	11
	Travelling and conveyance		60	6
	Subscriptions and periodicals		78	17
	Repair and maintenance		73	6
	Insurance		-	-
	Entertainment		15	23
	Printing and stationery		14	
	Others		42	11
		=	4,183	4,99
23.1	Salaries, wages and benefits			
	Salaries & wages		1,164	97
	Gratuity		19	1
	P.F Contribution-Staff		11	2
		_	1,194	1,02
24	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			
	Salaries, wages and benefits	24.1	6,283	6,99
	Travelling and conveyance		2,484	2,16
	Legal and professional charges		835	61
	Rent, rates and taxes		1,244	1,83
	Repair and maintenance		1,247	83
	Printing and stationery		312	29
	Postage, telegram, telephone and telex		935	1,09
	Light and power		1,611	1,51
	Entertainment		1,165	59
	Donations	24.2	14	-
	Subscriptions and periodicals		597	60
	Advertisement		213	7
	Auditors' remuneration	24.3	410	41
	Annual general meeting		18	2
	Insurance		623	65
	Provision for doubtful loans and advances		141	14
	Depreciation	4.2	1,360	1,46
	Written off trade debts, advances and tender deposits		-	64
	Others		1,564	80
		=	21,056	20,74
24.1	Salaries, wages and benefits			
	Salaries and wages		6,262	6,19
	Gratuity		(47)	64
	P.F Contribution-Staff		68	15
		_	6,283	6,99

24.2 Directors or a spouse of a director have no interest in the donee.

24.3	Auditors' remuneration		2013 (Rupees in tl	2012 housand)
	Annual audit fee		250	250
	Review of half yearly financial statements		60	60
	Review of consolidated financial statements		60	60
	Certification and others		15	15
	Out of pocket expenses		25	25
		=	410	410
25	OTHER OPERATING INCOME			
	Liabilities no more payable written back		9,141	9,062
	Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipments		1,168	-
	Mark-up on saving accounts		5	3
	Others		1,362	330
		=	11,676	9,395
26	FINANCE COST			
	Mark-up on unsecured long term loans	18	5,400	5,592
	Bank charges and commission		54	46
		=	5,454	5,638
27	TAXATION			
	Current year	27.1	516	1,596
	Prior year		(14)	106
	Deferred tax	27.2	759	677
			1,261	2,379

Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit

- **27.1** There is no tax applicable on taxable profits of the Company under the provision of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 as amended by Finance Act, 2012 due to available assessed tax losses. Accordingly, no numeric reconciliation of tax expense with accounting profit has been presented.
- **27.2** In view of net deductible temporary differences amounting to Rs 31.597 million and expected future turnover, it is probable that the company will not have sufficient taxable income in near future and hence will not be able to utilize the deductible temporary differences. Therefore, as a matter of prudence, the company has not recognised net deferred tax asset in these accounts. The net deductible temporary differences include available tax losses of Rs.156,523 million , unabsorbed depreciation of Rs 26.109 million, and deductible temporary differences of Rs.

28 EARNING PER SHARE

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the company, which is based on:

Loss after taxation	(8,231)	(4,407)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares	5,449,972	5,449,972
Earnings per share - basic	(1.51)	(0.81)

29	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS		2013 (Rupees in tl	2012 nousand)
	Loss before taxation		(6,970)	(2,028)
	Adjustments for:			
	Depreciation	4.2	6,802	7,308
	Gain on disposal of Property, plant and equipments	25	(1,168)	-
	Provision for staff gratuity - net	15.1	888	1,054
	Long term liabilities no more payable written back		(5,000)	(6,527)
	Finance cost	26	5,454	5,638
		-	6	5,445
	Effect on cash flow due to working capital changes			
	Decrease /(Increase)decrease in current assets			
	Stock-in-trade	Γ	14,260	1,546
	Trade debts		(7,495)	7,919
	Loans and advances		(3,600)	7,860
	Deposits and prepayments		5,704	9,258
		-	8,869	26,583
	Decrease in current liabilities			
	Trade and other payables excluding unclaimed	gratuity	(6,070)	(21,671)
	Cash generated from operations	-	2,805	10,357
	Cash generated from operations	=	2,005	10,557

30 STAFF RETIREMENT BENEFITS

33.1 Provident Fund

Salaries wages and other benefits includes Rs.546 thousands (2012: Rs. 608 thousands) in respect of provident fund.

The following information is based on latest financial statements of the Fund:

	(Unaudited) June 30, 2013	(Audited) Dec 31, 2012
Size of the fund - Total assets	12,042	11,703
Cost of the Investment made	10,000	10,000
Percentage of investments made	83%	85%
Fair value of the investments	10,000	10,000

Break-up of the fair value of investments is:

	Jun 30,2013	Dec 31,2012	Jun 30,2013	Dec 31,2012
	Un-audited	Audited	Un-audited	Audited
	Rupees in	thousands	% of total	investment
Certificate of Investment	10,000	10,000	100%	100%

33.1.1 The investments out of the Company have been made in accordance with the provisions of sections 227 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and rules formulated for this purpose.

33.2 Gratuity Fund

Principal actuarial assumptions used in the actuarial valuation of the scheme carried out by an independent firm of Chartered Actuaries under Projected Unit Credit (PUC) Actuarial Cost method as at June 30 are disclosed in note 15 to these financial statements

memor as at sume 50 are discressed in note 15 to mose influential statements

31 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

Financial risk management

The Board of Directors of the Company has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Company's risk management frame work. The Company has exposure to the following risks from its use of finances instruments:

- Credit risk

- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

Risk management framework

The Board meets frequently throughout the year for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The Company's risk management policies are established to identify and analyze the risks faced by the Company, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Company's activities. The Company, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

The Audit Committee oversee how management monitors compliance with the Company's risk management policies and procedures, and reviews the adequacy of the risk management framework in relation to the risks faced by the Company. The Company Audit Committee is assisted in its oversight role by internal Audit. Internal Audit undertakes both regular and ad hoc reviews of the risk management controls and procedures, the results of which are reported to the Audit Committee.

31.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss, without taking into account the fair value of any collateral. Concentration of credit risk arises when a number of counter parties are engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their ability to meet contractual obligations to be similarly affected by changes in economics, political or other conditions. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Company's performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

Exposure to credit risk

Credit risk arises when changes in economic or industry factors similarly affects Company's of counter parties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation the Company's total credit exposure. Credit risk of the Company arise principally from the trade debts, advances, trade deposits, other receivables and balances with banks. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risks at the reporting date is as follows:

	2013	2012	
	(Rupees in thousand)		
Long term deposits	940	940	
Trade debts	42,209	34,714	
Loans and advances	8,450	3,443	
Trade deposits and other receivables	9,346	15,194	
Bank balances	9,591	7,159	
	70,536	61,450	

Impairment losses

The aging of trade debtors at the balance sheet date was:

	2013		20	012	
	Gross impairment		Gross	impairment	
	(Rupees in thousand)				
N 1					
Not past due	-	-	-	-	
Past due 1 - 60 days	38,325	-	8,176	-	
Past due 61 - 365 days	2,956	-	18,366	-	
More than one year	928	-	8,172	-	
Total	42,209	-	34,714	-	

Based on assessment conducted of individual customers, the management believes that receivable falling within the age bracket of up to one year does not require any impairment provision other than to the extent determined above.

Bank balances are held only with reputable banks with high quality credit ratings.

JOHNSON & PHILLIPS (PAKISTAN) LIMITED NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Company could be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected working capital requirements. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

	Comming	Carrying Total On		Carrying		Carrying Contractual			al cash flows	
	amount			Upto one	More than					
	umouno		demand	year	one year					
Long term financing	76,732	76,732	-	(4,000)	(72,732)					
Trade and other payables	162,227	162,227	(1,670)	(160,557)	-					
Unclaimed dividend	4,268	4,268	(4,268)	-	-					
June 30, 2013	243,227	243,227	(5,938)	(164,557)	(72,732)					
Long term financing	75,969	75,969	-	(4,000)	(71,969)					
Trade and other payables	168,443	168,443	-	(168,443)	-					
Short term borrowings	914	914	(914)	-	-					
Unclaimed dividend	4,268	4,268	(4,268)	-	-					
June 30, 2012	249,594	249,594	(5,182)	(172,443)	(71,969)					

The Contractual cash flows relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of mark-up rate effective as at June 30. The rate of mark-up have been disclosed in note 14 to these financial statements

31.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates and equity prices will affect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments. The objectives of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return. The Company is exposed to currency risk and interest rate risk only.

Interest rate risk

Interest/ mark-up rate risk is the risk that value of a financial instrument or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the market interest rates. Sensitivity to interest rate risk arises from mismatches of financial liabilities that mature or re-price in a given period. The Company manages these mismatches through risk management strategies where significant changes in gap position can be adjusted. The long-term financing and short term borrowing arrangements have variable rate pricing that is dependent on the Karachi Inter Bank Offered Rate (KIBOR) as indicated in respective notes. At the balance sheet date, the interest rate profile of the Company's significant interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

	2013	2012	2013	2012
	Effective inter	Carrying am	ount(Rs.'000')	
Financial liabilities				
Long term financing	12% and KIBOR +2%	12% and KIBOR +3.5%	76,732	75,969
Short term borrowings	Non-intere	-	914	

Sensitivity analysis

As at balance sheet date, the Company does not hold any fixed rate interest based financial assets or liabilities carried at fair value.

31.4 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled between knowledgeable and willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying values and the fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The carrying values of financial assets and financial liabilities renorted in balance sheet approximate their fair values

32 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The objective of the Company when managing capital i.e. its shareholders' equity and surplus on revaluation on property, plant and equipment, is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its businesses.

The Company manages its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the lights of changes in economic conditions. As at June 30, 2013, the shareholders' equity amounts to Rs. _____ thousands (2012 Rs 135 thousand).

33 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTOR AND EXECUTIVES

a) The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for the year for remuneration, including all benefits, to the Chief Executive, Directors and Executives of the Company are as follows:

	Chief Ex	ecutive	Direc	tors	Exec	utive	Tot	al
-	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012	2013	2012
				- Rupees ir	n thousand	s		
Managerial remuneration	960	960	334	312	-	600	1,294	1,872
Retirement benefits and provident fund contribution	80	80	-	26	-	-	80	106
Rent, utilities, leave encashment etc.	1,281	1,220	350	338	-	350	1,631	1,908
-	2,321	2,260	684	676	-	950	3,005	3,886
No. of persons	1	1	6	5	-	1	7	7

32.1 The chief executive and one directors are also provided with free use of company maintained cars

33 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise associated companies, directors, key management personnel and post employment benefit plans. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Transactions with related parties

	2013	2012	
	(Rupees in thousand)		
Loan advanced to wholly owned subsidiary company	4,593	-	
Payments made on behalf of subsidiaries companies	141	142	
Repayment/adjustment of loan to subsidiary company	914	277	
Contribution paid to Provident Fund Trust	546	608	

All transactions with related parties have been carried out by the company at arm's length prices using the comparable uncontrolled price

34 PRODUCTION CAPACITY

The production capacity of the plant cannot be determined as this depends on the relative proportions of the various types and sizes of products manufactured according to required specifications.

35 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

These financial statements were authorized for issue on_____September 2013 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

36 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand rupee.

Chief Executive